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22434	7590	03/24/2005	EXAMINER	
BEYER WEAVER & THOMAS LLP			ANANTHANARAYANAN, RAMYA	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/042,804	LI, JIANGHAO
	Examiner Ramya Ananthanarayanan	Art Unit 2131

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 October 2001.
 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
 6) Other: _____

1. Claims 1-30 have been examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 5, 7-10, 15-20, 25-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Chess et al. (U.S. Patent 5,485,575).

With respect to claim 5, Chess et al. disclose a method for generating a virus signature, the method comprising:

Receiving a portion of interpreted language source code containing a computer virus (column 4, lines 38-39);

Generating a language-independent representation of the computer virus (column 11, lines 55-58); and

Storing the language-independent representation of the computer virus as a virus signature (column 11, lines 55-58).

4. With respect to claim 7, Chess et al. disclose a method wherein the virus signature is compiled in binary format (column 17, lines 15-20).

5. With respect to claim 8, Chess et al. disclose a method, wherein the language independent representation is a linearized string of key actions (column 12, lines 43-45).

6. With respect to claim 9, Chess et al. disclose a method, wherein the virus signature includes input from a virus analyst (column 11, lines 39-56).

7. With respect to claim 10, Chess et al. disclose a method, further comprising:

Parsing the portion of interpreted language source code into tokens (column 11, lines 47-49); and

Generating the language-independent representation of the computer virus using at least a portion of the tokens (column 11, lines 47-49, lines 55-58).

8. With respect to claim 15, Chess et al. disclose a method for generating a virus signature from a portion of interpreted language source code including a computer virus, the method comprising:

Receiving a portion of interpreted language source code containing a computer virus (column 4, lines 38-39);

Parsing the portion of the interpreted language source code containing the computer virus into tokens to generate tokenized source code, wherein at least some of the tokens represent key actions (column 11, lines 47-49);

Extracting key actions from the tokenized source code (column 11, lines 47-49),

Linearizing the key actions to generate an executing thread (column 12, lines 43-45);

Determining the set of minimum key actions in the executing thread required to effect the computer virus (column 11, lines 55-58); and

Storing the set of minimum key actions as a virus signature (column 11, lines 55-58).

9. With respect to claim 16, Chess et al. disclose a method, further comprising:

Compiling the virus signature in binary format (column 17, lines 15-20).

10. With respect to claim 17, Chess et al. disclose a method, further comprising:

Compiling the virus signature with data input by a virus analyst (column 11, lines 39-56);

and

Storing the virus signature as part of a virus pattern file (column 17, line 20).

11. With respect to claim 18, Chess et al. disclose a method, wherein the virus pattern file further includes a dictionary of key actions (column 17, line 20; column 11, lines 55-58; Each signature consists of key actions.).

12. With respect to claim 19, Chess et al. disclose a method, wherein the portion of the interpreted language source code is lexically parsed (column 13, line 9-10).

13. With respect to claim 20, Chess et al. disclose a method, wherein the portion of the interpreted language source code is lexically and grammatically parsed (column 13, line 9-10; column 11, lines 60-64).

14. With respect to claim 25, Chess et al. disclose a computer readable medium containing program code (column 4, lines 5-7, 16-18) for generating a virus signature from a portion of interpreted language source code including a computer virus, the computer readable medium comprising instructions for:

Receiving a portion of interpreted language source code containing a computer virus (column 4, lines 38-39);

Parsing the portion of the interpreted language source code containing the computer virus into tokens to generate tokenized source code, wherein at least some of the tokens represent key actions (column 11, lines 47-49);

Linearizing at least a portion of the key actions to generate an executing thread (column 12, lines 43-45);

Determining the set of minimum key actions in the executing thread required to effect the computer virus (column 11, lines 55-58); and

Storing the set of minimum key actions as a virus signature (column 11, lines 55-58).

15. With respect to claim 26, Chess et al. disclose a computer readable medium, further comprising:

Compiling the virus signature in binary format (column 17, lines 15-20).

16. With respect to claim 27, Chess et al. disclose a computer readable medium, further comprising:

Compiling the virus signature with data input by a virus analyst (column 11, lines 39-56);
and

Storing the virus signature as part of a virus pattern file (column 17, line 20).

17. With respect to claim 28, Chess et al. disclose a computer readable medium, wherein the virus pattern file further includes a dictionary of key actions (column 17, line 20; column 11, lines 55-58; Each signature consists of key actions.).

18. With respect to claim 29, Chess et al. disclose a computer readable medium, wherein the portion of the interpreted language source code is lexically parsed (column 13, line 9-10).

19. With respect to claim 30, Chess et al. disclose a computer readable medium, wherein the portion of the interpreted language source code is lexically and grammatically parsed (column 13, line 9-10; column 11, lines 60-64).

20. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

21. Claims 1-4, 11-14, 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Chandnani et al. (U.S. Publication 2002/0073330).

22. With respect to claim 1, Chandnani et al. disclose a method for identifying a computer virus in interpreted language source code, the method comprising:

Receiving a portion of interpreted language source code (paragraph 0029, lines 4-5);

Generating a language-independent representation of the portion of the interpreted language source code (paragraph 0020, lines 1-2);

Comparing the language-independent representation with a virus signature (paragraph 0064); and

Determining if the language-independent representation matches the virus signature, whereby a match indicates a computer virus has been identified (paragraph 0064).

23. With respect to claim 2, Chandnani et al. disclose a method, wherein the interpreted language source code is a scripting language source code (paragraph 0016, lines 1-2).

24. With respect to claim 3, Chandnani et al. disclose a method, wherein the virus signature is a language-independent representation of an interpreted language source code computer virus (paragraph 0055).

25. With respect to claim 4, Chandnani et al. disclose a method, wherein the portion of interpreted language source code and the virus signature are represented as a linearized string of key actions (paragraph 0055).

26. With respect to claim 11, Chandnani et al. disclose a method (paragraph 0029, line 2) for identifying a virus in interpreted language source code, the method comprising:

Receiving a portion of interpreted language source code (paragraph 0029, lines 4-5);

Parsing the portion of the interpreted language source code into tokens to generate a tokenized source code, wherein at least some of the tokens represent key actions (paragraph 0020, lines 1-2);

Extracting selected key actions from the tokenized source code (paragraph 0020, lines 2-3),

Linearizing the key actions to generate an executing thread (paragraph 0020, lines 3-5);

Comparing the executing thread with a virus signature of a known virus (paragraph 0064); and

Determining whether the executing thread matches the virus signature (paragraph 0064).

27. With respect to claim 21, Chandnani et al. disclose a computer readable medium (paragraph 0066, lines 1-5) containing program code for identifying a computer virus in interpreted language source code, the computer readable medium comprising instructions for:

Receiving a portion of interpreted language source code (paragraph 0029, lines 4-5);

Parsing the portion of the interpreted language source code into tokens to generate a tokenized source code, wherein at least some of the tokens represent key actions (paragraph 0020, lines 1-2);

Extracting selected key actions from the tokenized source code (paragraph 0020, lines 2-3),

Linearizing the key actions to generate an executing thread (paragraph 0020, lines 3-5);

Comparing the executing thread with a virus signature of a known virus (paragraph 0064); and

Determining whether the executing thread matches the virus signature (paragraph 0064).

28. With respect to claims 12 and 22, Chandnani et al. disclose a method and medium, further comprising:

Outputting the identification of the known virus (paragraph 0055, lines 9-13; paragraph 0063, lines 12-15).

29. With respect to claims 13 and 23, Chandnani et al. disclose a method and medium, wherein the portion of the interpreted language source code is lexically parsed (paragraph 0016, lines 8-10).

30. With respect to claim 14 and 24, Chandnani et al. disclose a method and medium, wherein the portion of the interpreted language source code is lexically and grammatically parsed (paragraph 0017).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

31. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

32. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chess et al. (U.S. Patent 5,485,575) in view of Chandnani et al. (U.S. Publication 2002/0073330).

33. Chess et al. and Chandnani et al. are analogous art because both are in the field of computer security.

34. With respect to claim 6, Chess et al. disclose the limitations set forth in claim 5, upon which claim 6 is dependent.

35. Chess et al. do not disclose a method wherein the interpreted language source code is a scripting language source code.

Chandnani et al. disclose a method wherein the interpreted language source code is a scripting language source code (paragraph 0016, lines 1-2).

36. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have combined the teachings of Chandnani et al. with the teachings of Chess et al. in order to prevent potentially terrible problems with a computer system or operating system (paragraph 0005).

Conclusion

37. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. U.S. Patent 5,452,442 issued to Kephart discloses the limitations of some of the independent and dependent claims of the instant application.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ramya Ananthanarayanan whose telephone number is (571) 272-5860. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:30 -5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (571) 272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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